

OpenET

A Water Community Focused Open Source ET Project

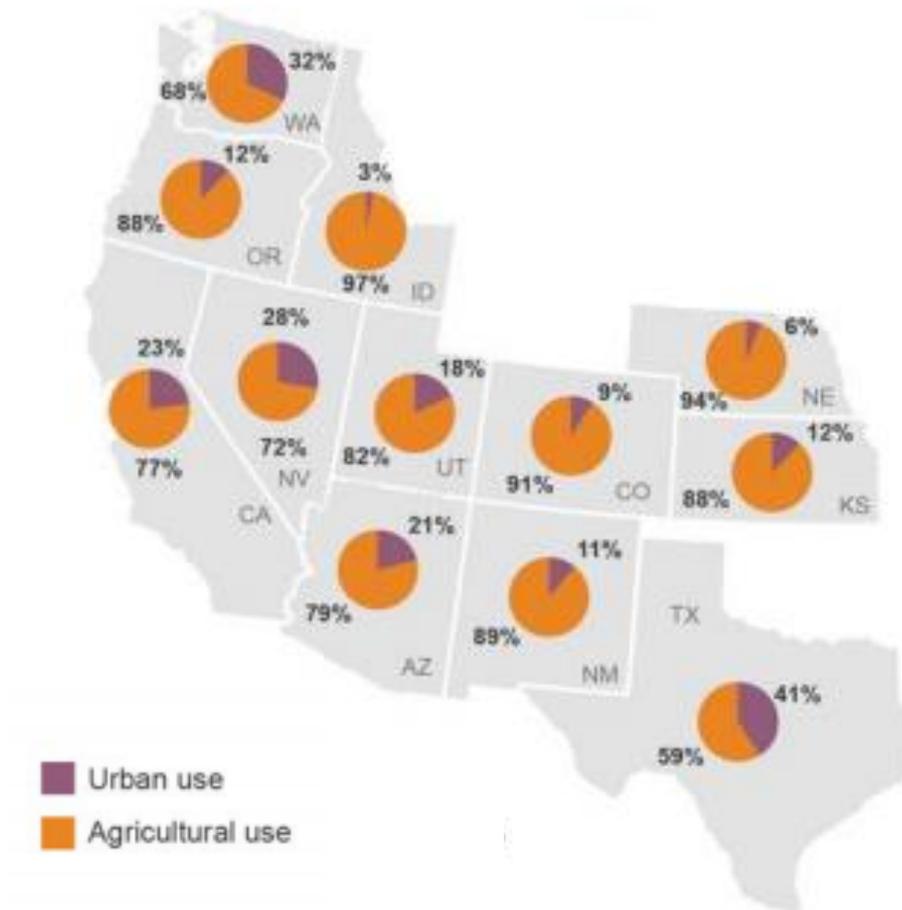
Towards Filling the Biggest Gap in Water Information

Justin Huntington, Charles Morton – Desert Research Institute
Forrest Melton, Lee Johnson, Alberto Guzman, NASA Ames / CSUMB
Robyn Grimm & Maurice Hall, EDF, Josh Fisher, JPL, Martha Anderson, USDA ARS,
Chris Hain, NASA MSFC, Wim Bastiaanssen, IHE-DELFT . . . and many others . . .



The Information Gap

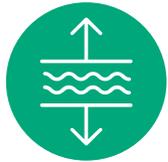
The question of “how much water is being used?” in agriculture remains largely unanswered. Hard to manage what we are not measuring..



The water use information gap makes it difficult to effectively manage water and adopt new management strategies (reduction, trading, banking, etc...)

Importance of Open ET Data

Open ET data will inform sustainable water management



Healthy Water Trading Program

Critical



Groundwater Management (including SGMA)

Critical



Irrigation and Crop Management

Key



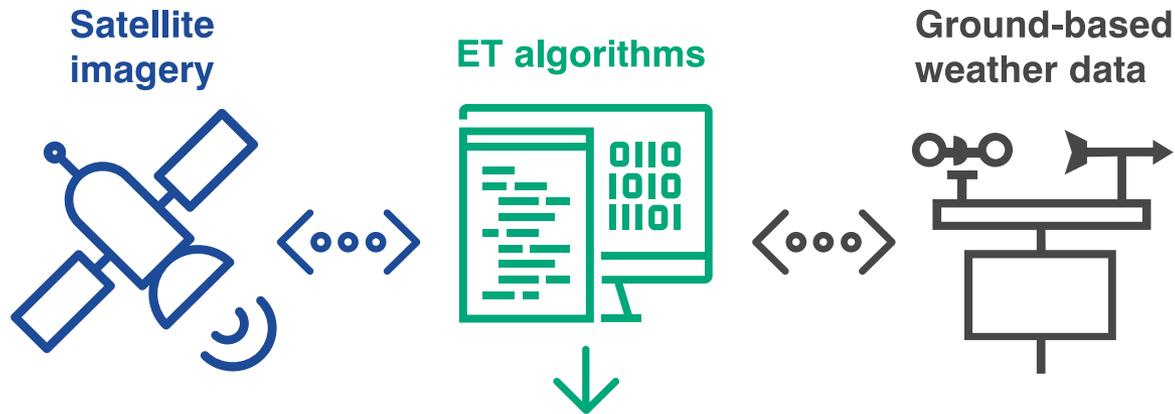
Sustainable Supply Chains

Important

■ ET Data

■ Other Data

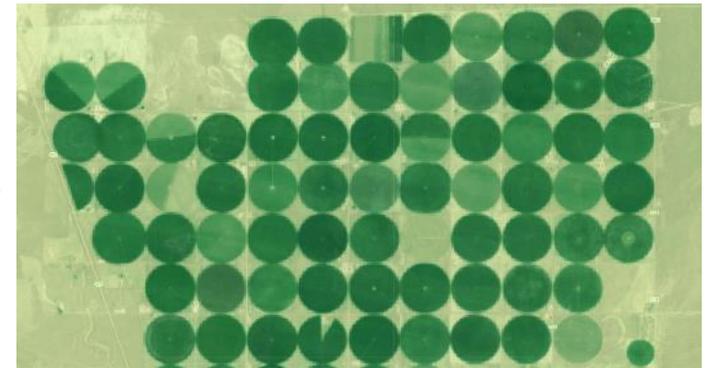
Proven Approach



Evapotranspiration data



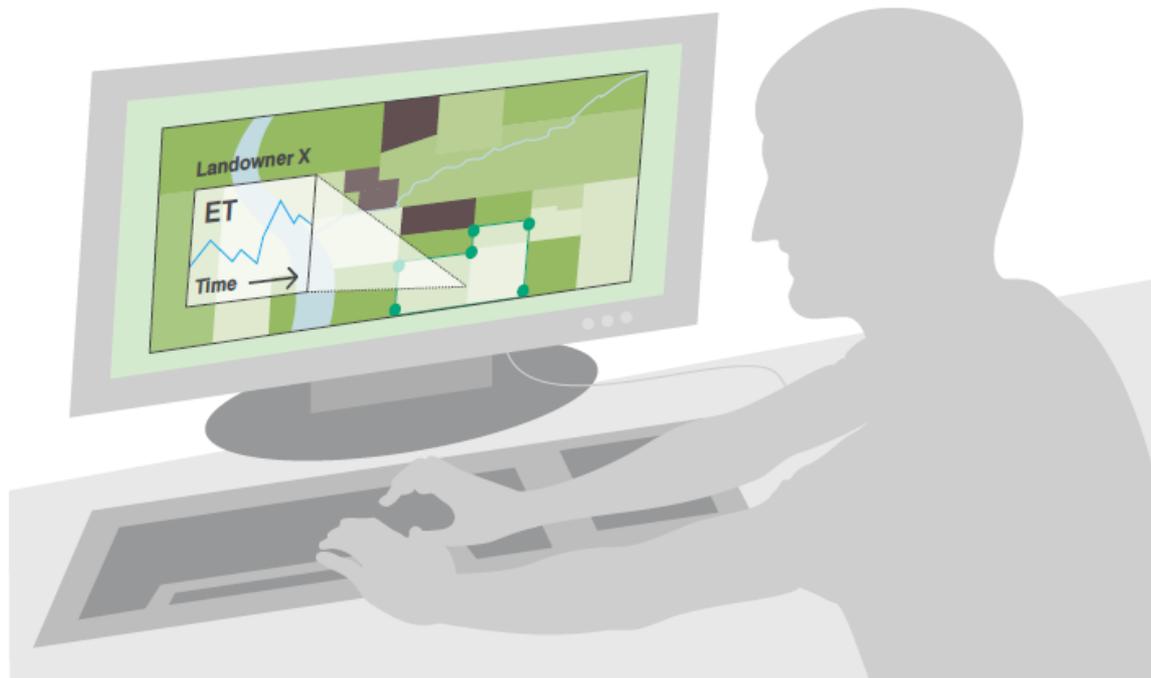
Satellite Archives



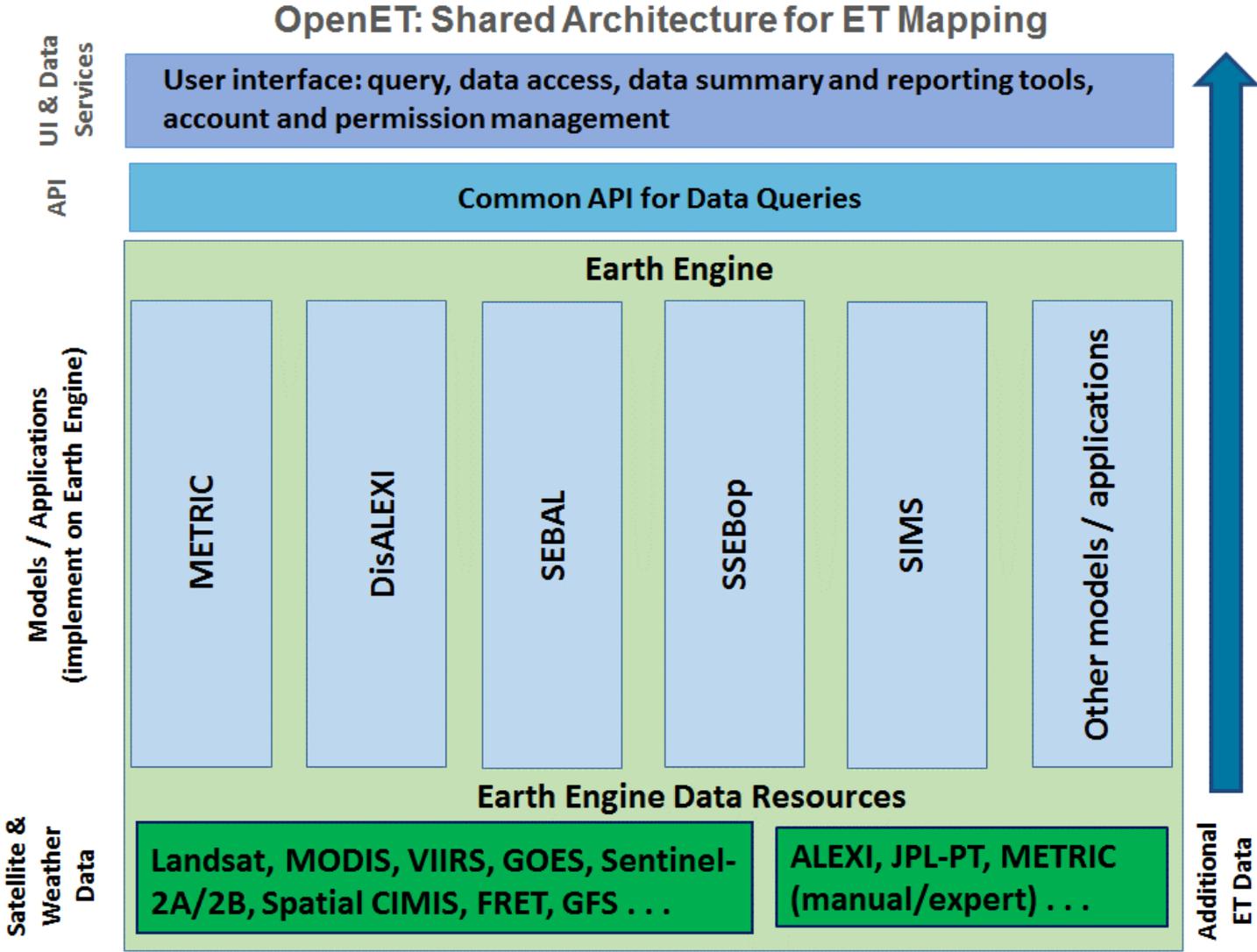
Consumptive Use

The Vision: An OpenET Software and Data Platform

- A web-based platform (OpenET) provides automated, and widely accessible ET data available to end users across the western U.S. for user-defined areas and time frames
- Open source software on GitHub so the water community can contribute, collaboratively code, or just look under the hood



One Platform, Multiple Operational Models



Initial Case Study Locations

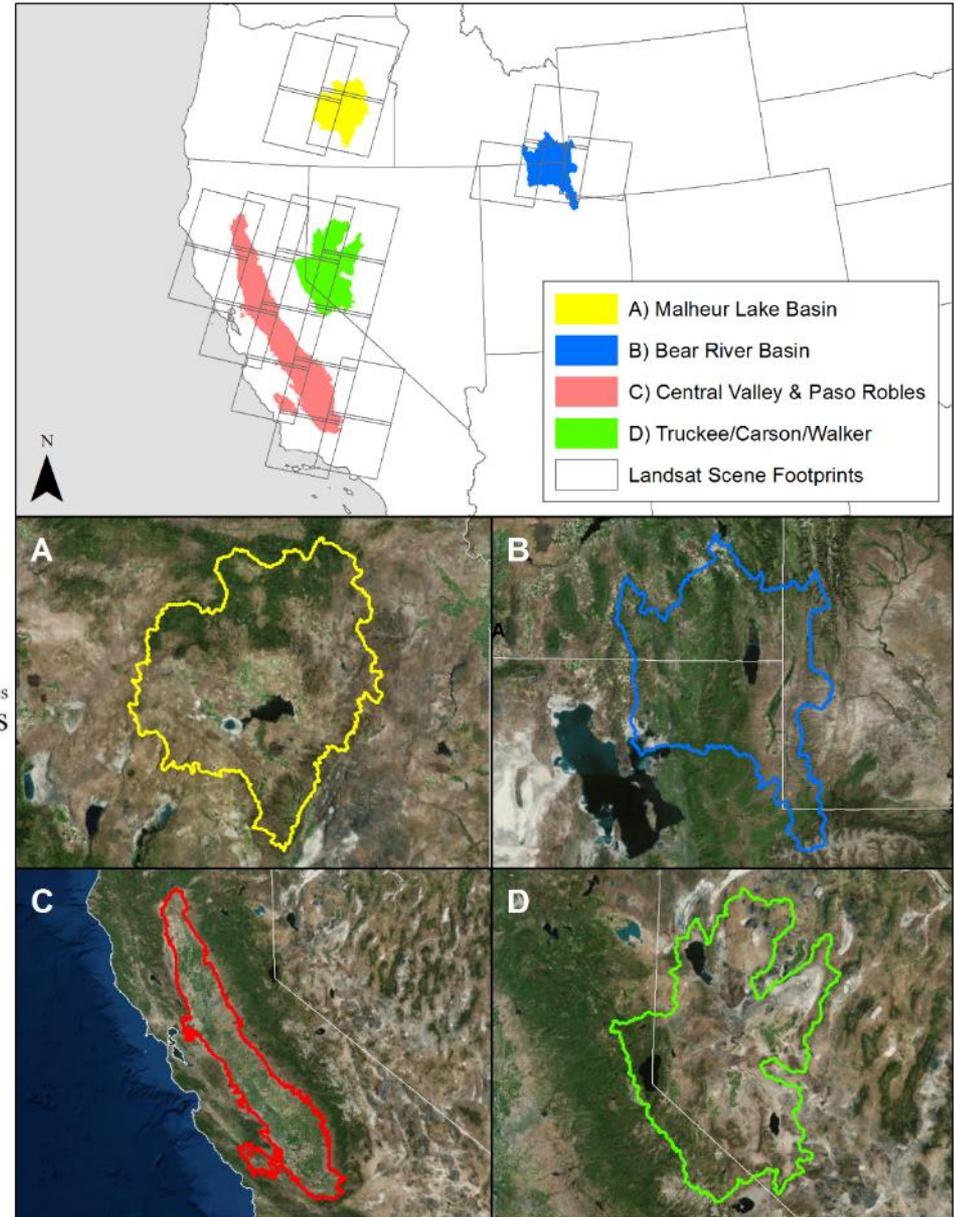


Source: Esri, DigitalGlobe, GeoEye, Earthstar, CNES/Airbus DS, USDA, USGS, AeroGRID, IGN, and the GIS User Community

NASA ASP Project Stakeholders and Study Locations

NASA Applied Sciences Program – Water Resources: DRI/NASA ET Project

- Goal - Enable agency staff to gain a thorough understanding of models, assumptions and limitations, software operation and post-processing, and ultimately sustain in-house ET mapping over the long-term
- Focus on specific study areas for software development, testing, training, and initial implementation



State of Nevada
Department of Conservation & Natural Resources
Division of Water Resources
Jason King, P.E., State Engineer



Moving Past Engagement to Trainings

- The days of “loading dock science” are gone...
- Open sharing of codes and trainings on how to use the codes and web applications is a must if we want end users to actually adopt our products

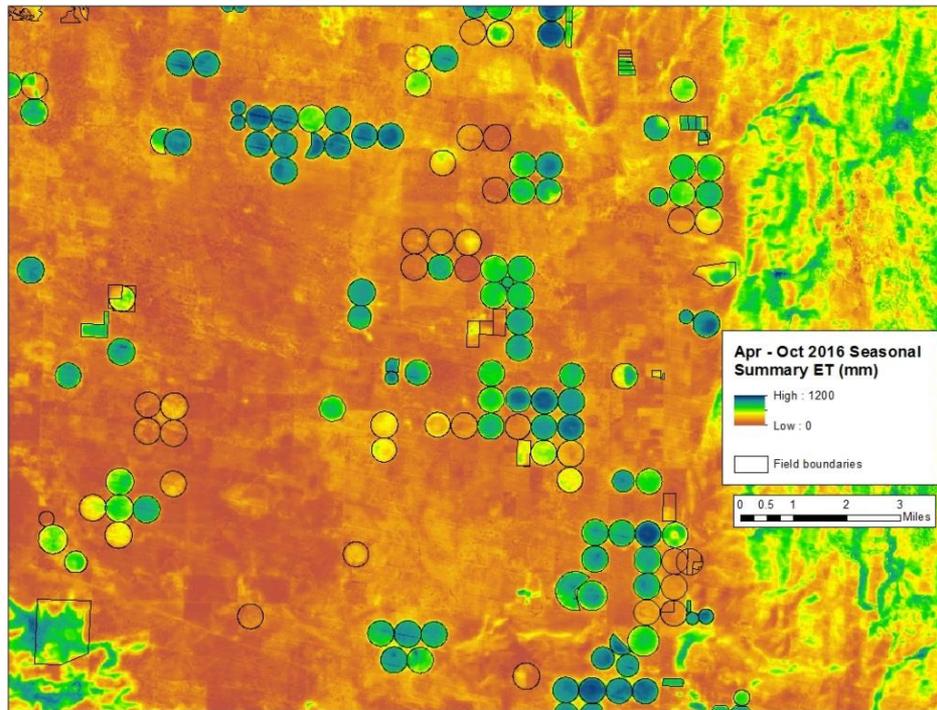


NASA/DRI ET Workshop with 21 state water agency staff from 8 western states
Funded by NASA ROSES ASP Western States Remote Sensing of ET Project



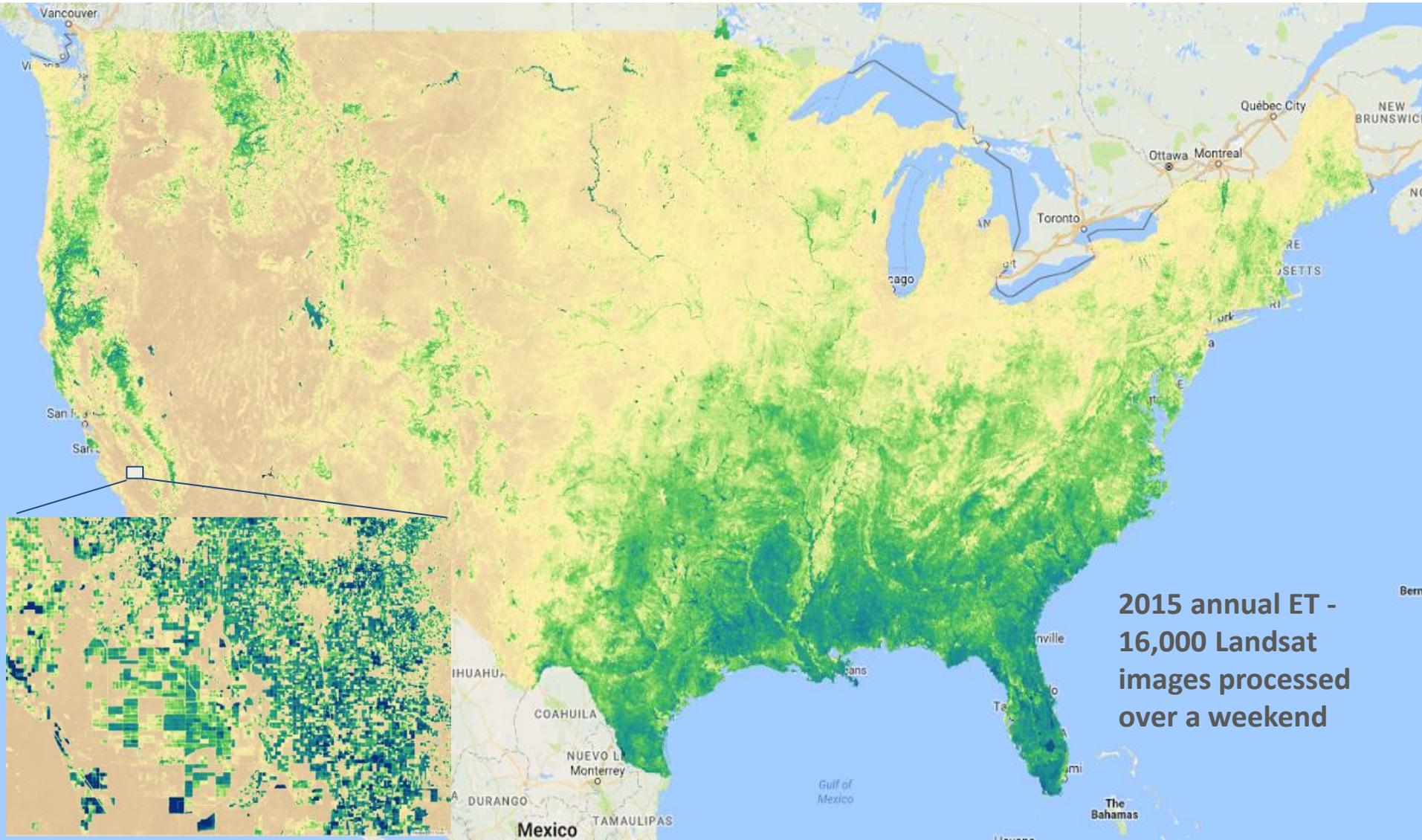
Quick Success Story

- Within a few weeks of the of the workshop, hydrologist at OWRD created a 2016 seasonal ET map with METRIC and ET Demands for the Malheur Lake Basin (SE OR) and provided maps to farmers for feedback



Our First Test

- Regional scale field level ET mapping on Google Earth Engine
- Example collaboration with Gabriel Senay, MacKenzie Friedrichs, and others at USGS EROS

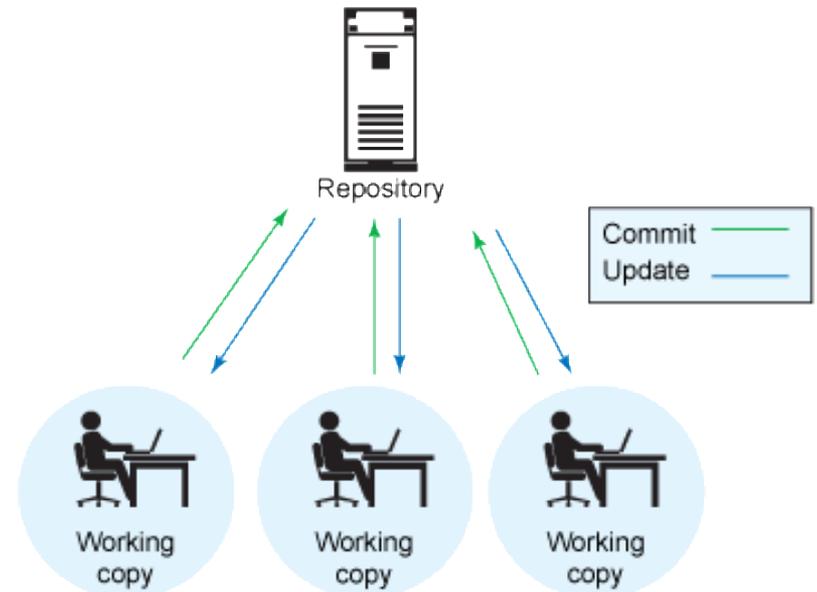


Desired Breakthroughs

- For multiple ET research teams and water agencies to contribute to OpenET via the GitHub version control software
 - Goal of advancing science and providing end users with free to low cost ET data via a state-of-the-art web application
- Ensemble water use mapping to better understand model differences and co-variates in space and time
 - Climate models
 - Hydrologic models
 - Land cover land use
 - Why not ET models?... now that we can!



Centralized version control system

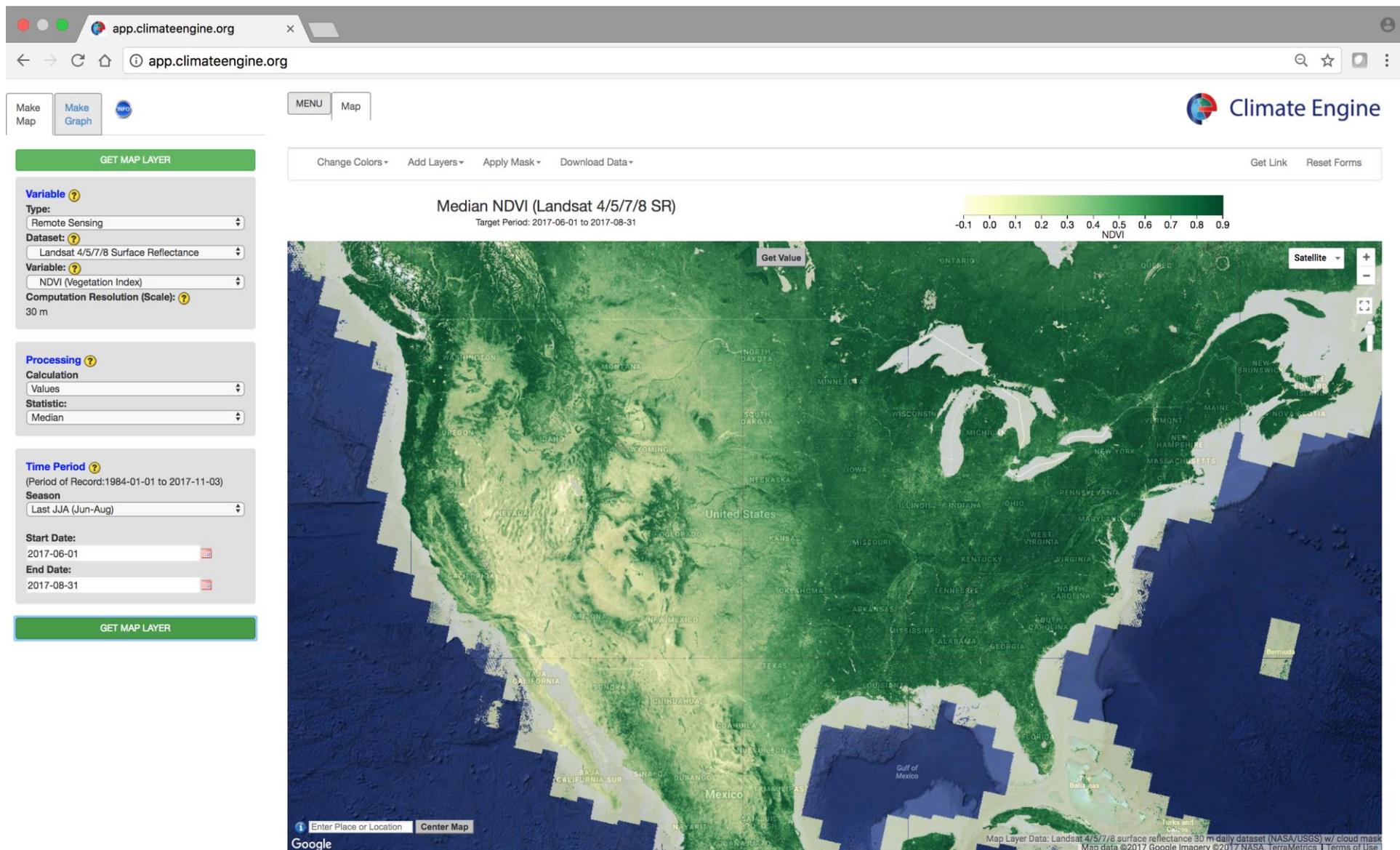


How can ET help Groundwater Management?

- Provide ability to assess 30+ years of water use (1984-current)
- Develop a more complete picture of baseline water consumption
- Complement groundwater pumpage inventories / metering program
- Fill in gaps in groundwater pumpage data
- Provide a backup and independent assessment of consumptive use
- Ability to assess within field variability / stressed / water short areas
- Provide readily available data to track and illustrate decreases in consumptive use as groundwater management plans are acted on
- Provide 7 day forecasts of reference ET / evaporative demand to improve irrigation scheduling
- Other ideas?

Example Interface - Climate Engine - app.climateengine.org

On-Demand Cloud Computing and Visualization of Climate and Remote Sensing Data



Map Layer Options

Time Series Options

HIDE MENU

TOGGLE MENU

Colormap Options

GET MAP LAYER

Product ?

Type: Remote Sensing

Dataset: METRIC ET - Central Valley

Variable: ET (Evapotranspiration)

Processing ?

Calculation: Values

Statistic: Total

Time Period ?

(Data: 2011-01-01 to 2015-12-31)

Last Year

Start Date: 2015-01-01

End Date: 2015-12-31

GET MAP LAYER

Product ?

Type: Remote Sensing

Dataset: METRIC ET - Central Valley

Variable: ET (Evapotranspiration)

Values

Average Conditions

Difference From Average Conditions

Percent Difference From Average Conditions

Percent Of Average Conditions

Apr 2015

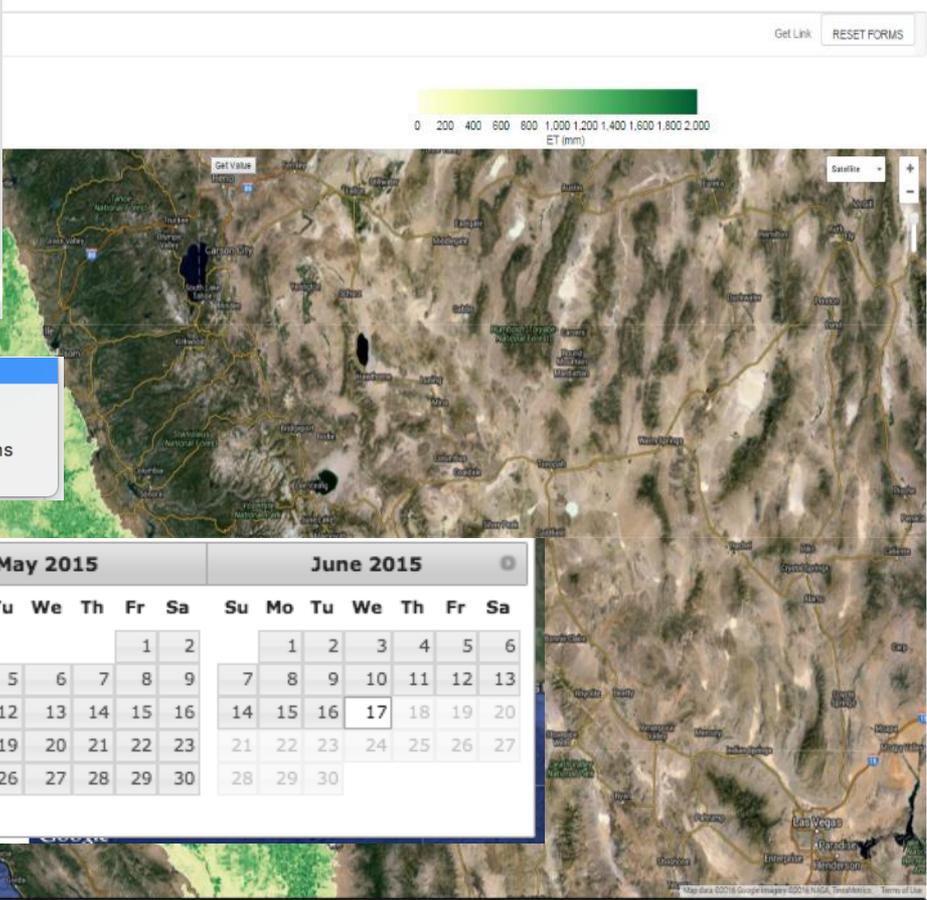
Su	Mo	Tu	We	Th	Fr	Sa
			1	2	3	4
5	6	7	8	9	10	11
12	13	14	15	16	17	18
19	20	21	22	23	24	25
26	27	28	29	30		

May 2015

Su	Mo	Tu	We	Th	Fr	Sa
					1	2
3	4	5	6	7	8	9
10	11	12	13	14	15	16
17	18	19	20	21	22	23
24	25	26	27	28	29	30
31						

June 2015

Su	Mo	Tu	We	Th	Fr	Sa
			1	2	3	4
5	6	7	8	9	10	11
12	13	14	15	16	17	18
19	20	21	22	23	24	25
26	27	28	29	30		



On-demand spatial averaging in time and plotting

-Time Series for 2014 – Alfalfa Field in Central Valley, CA



Map Layer Options Time Series Options INFO HIDE MENU

GET TIME SERIES

Time Series Calculation: ?
Raw Data over Time Period
One Variable Analysis

Region: ?
Area Averages

Area of Interest: ?
 Polygon

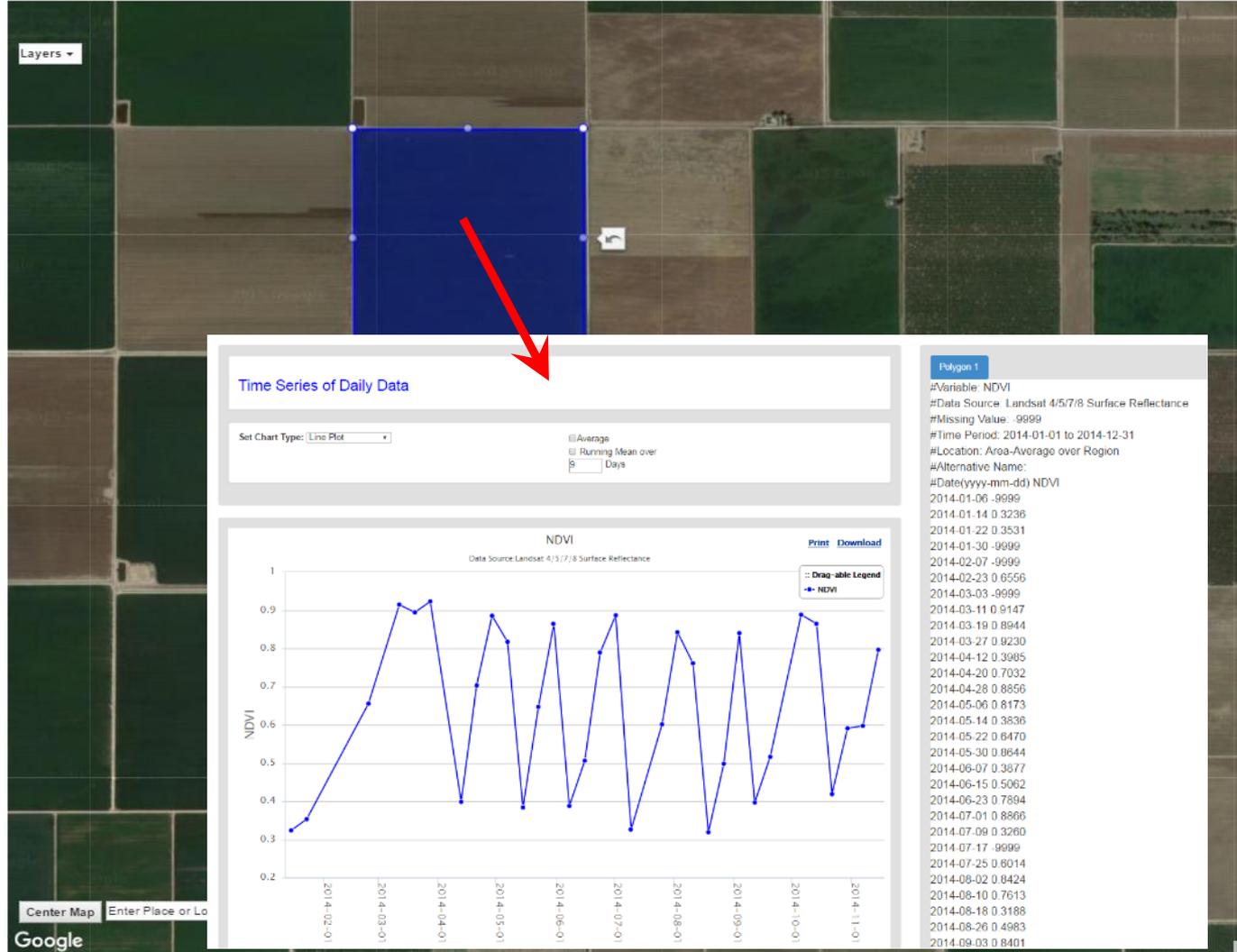
Variable 1

Variable 1 ?
Type: Remote Sensing
Dataset: Landsat 4/5/7/8 Surface Reflectance
Variable: NDMI (Vegetation Index)

Time Period ?
(Data: 1982-01-01 to 2016-06-07)
Custom
Start Date: 2014-01-01
End Date: 2014-12-31

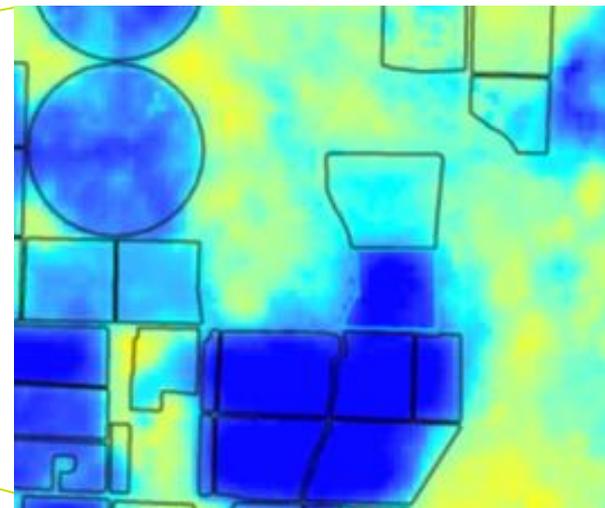
GET TIME SERIES

Plot Options -



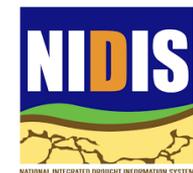
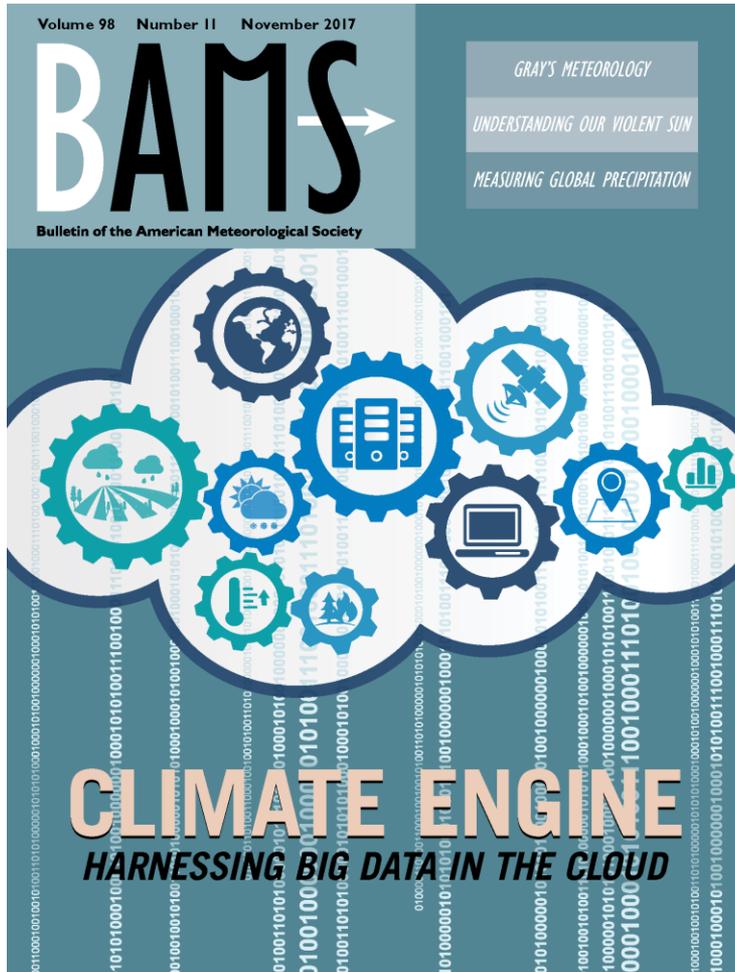
Summary

- Remote sensing is the only way to estimate actual ET over large areas and long time histories
- Field scale satellite archives combined with availability of climate data and cloud computing is creating transformative opportunities
- Rapid processing and visualization tools for simple consumptive use decision support
 - Will allow for all to perform field scale consumptive use analysis
 - Free and open access to objective data where everyone is treated equally will reduce the likelihood for disputes over data or lack of data
- Outreach through hands-on training is key for adoption
- Contact Justin.Huntington@dri.edu if interested in participating or for more details



Acknowledgements

November Issue of BAMS - climateengine.org



Huntington, J. L., K. C. Hegewisch, B. Daudert, C. G. Morton, J. T. Abatzoglou, D. J. McEvoy, and T. Erickson. 2017. Climate Engine: cloud computing and visualization of climate and remote sensing data for advanced natural resource monitoring and process understanding. Bulletin of the American Meteorological Society.

Program Design/Execution

