RULES OF ORGANIZATION

Preamble

The Council is a government entity, an instrumentality of each and every participating state, established to fulfill a number of governmental purposes on behalf of those states, including advising the governors on planning, conservation, development, management and protection of their water resources. As outlined herein, Council membership is comprised of States with member representatives appointed by the Governors of each participating State. The activities of the Council are subject to the control and supervision of the Governors of member States through their appointed representatives. The Council is funded by dues from member States, set by an Executive Committee, which also controls expenditures.

Article I - Name

The name of this organization shall be "THE WESTERN STATES WATER COUNCIL."

Article II - Purpose

The purpose of the Western States Water Council shall be to accomplish effective cooperation among western states in matters relating to the planning, conservation, development, management, and protection of their water resources, in order to ensure that the West has an adequate, sustainable supply of water of suitable quality to meet its diverse economic and environmental needs now and in the future.

Article III – Interstate Water Transfer Principles

Except as otherwise provided by existing compacts, the planning of western water resources development on a regional basis will be predicated upon the following principles for protection of states of origin:

- (1) All water-related needs of the states of origin, including but not limited to irrigation, municipal and industrial water, flood control, power, navigation, recreation, water quality control, and fish and wildlife preservation and enhancement shall be considered in formulating the plan.
- (2) The rights of states to water derived from the interbasin transfers shall be subordinate to needs within the states of origin.
- (3) The cost of water development to the states of origin shall not be greater, but may be less, than would have been the case had there never been an export from those states under any such plan.

Article IV - Functions

The functions of the Western States Water Council shall be to:

(1) Undertake continuing review of all large-scale interstate and interbasin plans and projects for development, control or utilization of water resources in the Western States, and submit recommendations to the Governors regarding the compatibility of such projects and plans with an orderly and optimum development of water resources in the Western States.

¹ Revenue Ruling 57-128, 1957-1 C.B. 311 states: "In cases involving the status of an organization as an instrumentality of one or more states or political subdivisions, the following factors are taken into consideration: (1) whether it is used for a governmental purpose and performs a governmental function; (2) whether performance of its function is on behalf of one or more states or political subdivisions; (3) whether there are any private interests involved, or whether the states or political subdivisions involved have the powers and interests of an owner; (4) whether control and supervision of the organization is vested in public authority or authorities; (5) if express or implied statutory or other authority is necessary for the creation and/or use of such an instrumentality, and whether such authority exists; and (6) the degree of financial autonomy and the source of its operating expenses."

- (2) Investigate and review water related matters of interest to the Western States, and advise Council member states and governors as appropriate.
- (3) Express policy positions regarding proposed federal laws, rules and regulations and other matters affecting the planning, conservation, development, management, and protection of water resources in Western States.
- (4) Sponsor and encourage activities to enhance exchange of ideas and information and to promote dialogue regarding optimum management of western water resources.
- (5) Authorize preparation of amicus briefs to assist western states in presenting positions on issues of common interest in cases before federal and state courts.
- (6) Encourage collaboration among federal, state, tribal and local governments, public and private water resources associations and water-related non-governmental organizations.

Article V – State Membership and Member State Representatives

- (1) The Council shall consist of the states of Alaska, Arizona, California, Colorado, Idaho, Kansas, Montana, Nebraska, Nevada, New Mexico, North Dakota, Oklahoma, Oregon, South Dakota, Texas, Utah, Washington, and Wyoming. Member states of the Western Governors' Association, which are not members of the Council, shall be added to membership if their respective Governors so request. The Executive Committee may, upon unanimous vote, confer membership upon other western states, which are not members of the Western Governors' Association, if their respective Governor so requests. The Executive Committee may also confer Associate Member status on states as described in section (4) below. Any state may withdraw from membership upon written notice by its Governor.
- (2) Member state Governors may appoint not more than three member state representatives to the Council, but may name any number of standing alternate representatives.
- (3) Member state representatives (members) and alternate representatives (alternates) so appointed may designate other individuals to represent them and participate in Council meetings and other activities provided that such designations are made in writing prior to the event by letter or email.
- (4) Associate Membership may be granted for a period of up to three years, during which time a state's appointed representatives may participate as observers in Council activities and receive all information disbursed by the Council. However, Associate Member states shall have no vote in Council matters.
- (5) If any state fails to pay the appropriate level of dues established by the Executive Committee of the Council, the privileges afforded by virtue of its membership to participate in Council activities and to receive all information dispersed by the Council may be withheld pending the payment of dues, beginning at the start of the fiscal year following the delinquency.

Article VI - Ex-Officio Members

The Governors of the member states shall be ex-officio members and shall be in addition to the regularly appointed members from each state.

Article VII - Officers

The officers of the Council shall be the Chair, Vice-Chair and Secretary-Treasurer. They shall be selected in the manner provided in Article VIII.

Article VIII - Selection of Officers

The Chair, Vice-Chair and Secretary-Treasurer, who shall be from different states, shall be elected from the Council by a majority vote at the annual regular summer meeting to be held each year. These officers shall serve one-year terms. However, the Chair and Vice-Chair may not be elected to serve more than two terms consecutively in any one office. In the event that a vacancy occurs in any of these offices, it shall be filled by an election to be held at the next scheduled regular Council meeting.

Article IX - Executive Committee

- (1) Each Governor may designate one representative to serve on an Executive Committee which shall have such authority as may be conferred on it by these Rules of Organization, or by action of the Council. In the absence of such a designation by the Governor, representatives of each state shall designate one of their members to serve on the Executive Committee. Any Executive Committee member may designate in writing by letter or email an alternate to temporarily act on his/her behalf in his/her absence.
- (2) The Executive Committee shall determine whether or not States are eligible for participation as members or associate members of the Council.
- (3) The Executive Committee of the Council shall set annual dues for Council participation and may, by unanimous vote, confer the status of Associate Member of the Council upon states it deems eligible. The Executive Committee shall, through regular Council voting procedures, establish the appropriate level of dues for Associate Member states. In addition to determinations concerning Associate Member states, the Executive Committee may, when appropriate, authorize and establish fees for participation in Council activities by non-member states and non-member state representatives (non-members).
- (4) The Executive Committee shall annually adopt a budget and oversee all Council expenditures and activities.
- (5) The Executive Committee may establish other committees, subcommittees and work groups which shall have such authority as may be conferred upon them by action of the Council.

Article X – Voting and Policy Development

- (1) Each state shall have one vote. Since state delegations consist of more than one person, but each state has only one vote, the Executive Committee member for each state shall be responsible as an internal state matter for coordinating and communicating the official position of the state relative to voting on proposed policy positions. An email message is sufficient to meet this requirement. Whenever a person who is not a Council representative is attending on behalf of a Council representative at a regular or special meeting, either in person or via conference call, a written notification to this effect must be provided to the Council offices to assure that the person is serving in the appropriate capacity.
- (2) A quorum shall consist of a majority of the member states (excluding associate member states).
- (3) No recommendation may be issued or position taken by the Council except by an affirmative vote of at least two-thirds of all member states, with the exception of the following:
- (a) Recommendations and external policy positions concerning out-of-basin interstate transfers require a unanimous vote of all member states; and
- (b) Action may be taken by a majority vote of all member states on all internal administrative matters.

- (4) In any matter put before the Council for a vote, other than election of officers, any member state may upon request obtain one automatic delay in the voting until the next regular meeting of the Council. Further delays in voting on such matters may be obtained only by majority vote.
- (5) The Council shall consider external policy positions for adoption at its three regular meetings held each year. No external policy matter may be brought before the Council for a vote unless advance notice of such matter has been mailed or emailed to each member of the Council at least 30 days prior to one of the Council's regular meetings.
- (6) At the discretion of the Chair, in those instances where circumstances warrant consideration of an external policy position outside of the regular meetings, the Executive Committee may adopt positions at special meetings (including by conference call) provided that proposed positions are mailed or emailed to each member of the Executive Committee at least 10 days prior to the special meeting or conference call.
- (7) Any proposed external policy positions can be added to the agenda of a regular or special meeting by unanimous consent of those states represented at the meeting provided that a quorum exists.

Article XI - Policy Coordination and Deactivation

With regard to external positions adopted at special meetings or added to the agenda of a meeting by unanimous consent, such external policy positions shall be communicated to the member governors of the Western Governors' Association (WGA) and the WGA Executive Director for review. If after 10 days no objection is raised by the governors, then the policy position may be distributed to appropriate parties. In extraordinary cases, these procedures may be suspended by the WGA ExecutiveDirector, who will consult with the appropriate WGA lead governors before doing so.

Policy positions will be deactivated three years after their adoption. The Executive Committee will review prior to each regular meeting those policy statements or positions due for sunsetting. If a majority of the Executive Committee members recommend that the position be readopted by the Council, then such position shall be subject to the same rules and procedures with regard to new positions that are proposed for Council adoption.

Article XII - Conduct of Meetings

Except as otherwise provided herein, meetings shall be conducted under <u>Robert's Rules of Order, Revised</u>. A ruling by the Chair to the effect that the matter under consideration does not concern an out-of-basin transfer is an appealable ruling, and in the event an appeal is made, such ruling to be effective must be sustained by an affirmative vote of at least 2/3 of the member states.

Article XIII - Meetings

The Council shall hold regular meetings three times each year at times and places to be decided by the Chair, upon 30 days written notice. Special meetings may be called by the Chair, upon 10 days written notice.

Article XIV - Limitations

The work of the Council shall in no way defer or delay authorization or construction of any projects now before Congress for either authorization or appropriation.

Article XV - Dissolution

In the event of the dissolution of the Council, to the extent practical the assets of the Council shall be liquidated in a timely manner and evenly divided among those member states in good standing, at the time of the dissolution.

Article XVI - Amendment

These articles may be amended at any meeting of the Council by unanimous vote of the member states represented at the meeting. The substance of the proposed amendment shall be included in the call of such meetings.